

**ENTRANCE TEST 2021
NMDCAT REPEATERS
TEST # 31
BIOLOGY**

- Q.1** _____ genes do not obey Mendel's law of independent assortment:

 - A) Autosomal
 - B) Sex
 - C) Jumping
 - D) Linked

Q.2 Genes for colour blindness, haemophilia, gout etc. form one linkage group on human:

 - A) XY chromosomes
 - B) XX chromosomes
 - C) Y chromosome
 - D) X chromosome

Q.3 The entire genome of _____ has been successfully sequenced as part of human genome project:

 - A) Feast
 - B) *Drosophila*
 - C) Pig
 - D) Grasshopper

Q.4 The proportion of recombinant types between two gene pairs as compared to the sum of all combinations called:

 - A) Crossing over
 - B) Synapsis
 - C) Recombination frequency
 - D) Linkage frequency

Q.5 It produces genetic variations among offspring and provide raw material for evolution:

 - A) Crossing over
 - B) Synapsis
 - C) Recombination
 - D) Gene linkage

Q.6 Which of the following trait is not X-linked?

 - A) Colour blindness
 - B) Haemophilia
 - C) Gout
 - D) Leukemia

Q.7 _____ % age of patients suffering from haemophilia due to factor _____ :

 - A) I, XI
 - B) 80, VIII
 - C) 20, XI
 - D) I, IX

Q.8 In *drosophila* males are _____ as they carry just one allele on their only x-chromosome:

 - A) Homozygous
 - B) Heterozygous
 - C) Heterozygous
 - D) Semizygous

Q.9 A trait that is determined by an X-linked recessive gene is called:

 - A) XY-linked recessive trait
 - B) XX-linked recessive trait
 - C) Y-linked recessive trait
 - D) X-linked recessive trait

Q.10 The _____ together two genes are on a chromosome, the less likely their alleles will be separated by _____ :

 - A) Link, Crossing over
 - B) Attach, Crossing over
 - C) Apart, Crossing over
 - D) Close, Crossing over

Q.11 Pick up the very severe form of haemophilia:

 - A) A
 - B) B
 - C) C
 - D) D

Q.12 It is a physical relationship between genes:

 - A) Crossing over
 - B) Synapsis
 - C) Recombination
 - D) Gene linkage

Q.13 It is a serious disease of human in which blood fails clot after starts flowing from an injury site:

 - A) Color blindness
 - B) Haemophilia
 - C) Diabetes
 - D) Vitamin D resistant rickets

Q.14 The allele for haemophilia A and B are located on the:

 - A) Y-chromosomal
 - B) X-chromosome
 - C) Autosomal chromosome
 - D) Sex chromosome

Q.15 _____ results in a shifting of genetic material and an important cause of _____ respectively:

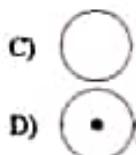
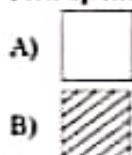
 - A) Linkage, Evolution
 - B) Evolution, Crossing over
 - C) Linkage, Genetic variation
 - D) Crossing over, Genetic variation

- Q.16** *Drosophila* is perfectly suited for:
- A) Metabolic studies
 - B) Genetic studies
 - C) Culture studies
 - D) Behavioural studies
- Q.17** The cross-over data may also be used to determine:
- A) The location of gene on chromosome
 - B) The location of chromosome in nucleus
 - C) The location of gene in nucleus
 - D) The location of gene in cell
- Q.18** Pick up allelic recessive type of hemophilia in males:
- A) Hemophilia A
 - B) Hemophilia B
 - C) Hemophilia C
 - D) Hemophilia D
- Q.19** _____ provided experimental evidence in support of chromosomal theory of heredity through discovery of sex linkage in fruit fly *Drosophila*:
- A) Independent assortment
 - B) Gene linkage
 - C) Crossing over
 - D) Thomas Hunt Morgan
- Q.20** Which one of the following can never pass direct from father to son?
- A) Hemophilia - A and C
 - B) Hemophilia - B and C
 - C) Hemophilia - C and D
 - D) Hemophilia - A and B
- Q.21** Crossing over is an exchange of segments between _____ during meiosis:
- A) Sister chromatids of homologous chromosome
 - B) Non-sister centromere of homologous chromosome
 - C) Non-sister chromatids of non-homologous chromosome
 - D) Non-sister chromatids of homologous chromosome
- Q.22** Pick up the odd pair:
- A) Hemophilia - B, Factor IX
 - B) Hemophilia - C, Factor XI
 - C) Hemophilia - A, Factor VIII
 - D) Hemophilia - B, Factor XI
- Q.23** If a carrier haemophilic female ($X^H X^h$) is married to a haemophilic male ($X^h Y$). What will be the ratio of presence of haemophilia in the children? Select best answer from given condition:
- $$X^H X^h \times X^h Y$$
- A) 100% all females and males will be hemophilic
 - B) Normal female 25%, hemophilic female 25%, 25% normal male and 25% hemophilic male
 - C) Females and males both have 25% and 75% chances of getting hemophilia
 - D) Females have 50% chances of getting hemophilia and males will be 100% hemophilic
- Q.24** The number of linkage groups in an individual correspond to the number of:
- A) Homologous pairs of chromosomes
 - B) Genes on chromosome
 - C) Chromosomes in each cell
 - D) Chromosomes in body
- Q.25** _____ is not practically possible in humans:
- A) Experimental mating
 - B) Pedigree analysis
 - C) Study of inheritance
 - D) Outbreeding
- Q.26** Each type of hemophilia involves deficiency of:
- A) Same clotting factor
 - B) Different clotting factors
 - C) Two clotting factors
 - D) All clotting factors
- Q.27** Out of the hemophiliac patients, how many suffer from type - A:
- A) 10%
 - B) 80%
 - C) 20%
 - D) 30%
- Q.28** Pick up the one that affects more to men as compared to women:
- A) Hemophilia A and C
 - B) Hemophilia B and C
 - C) Hemophilia A and B
 - D) Hemophilia C and D
- Q.29** If never passes directly from father to son:
- A) Hemophilia - C
 - B) Blue blindness
 - C) Tintonopia
 - D) Hemophilia - A
- Q.30** Hemophilia A and B always pass from:
- A) Father to son
 - B) Father to daughter
 - C) Maternal grandfather to grandson
 - D) Paternal grandfather to grandson
- Q.31** Sex linkage in *Drosophila* was discovered by:
- A) Sutton
 - B) Watson
 - C) Mendel
 - D) Morgan

Q.32 A carrier woman can have a hemophiliac son if married to:

- A) A normal man
- B) A hemophiliac man
- C) Either a normal or a hemophiliac man
- D) Either a hemophiliac or a carrier man

Q.33 Pick up the sign denoting carrier daughter:



Q.34 Pick up the antagonistic pair:

- A) Meiosis – crossing over
- B) Crossing over – recombination
- C) Recombination – variation
- D) Gene linkage – Independent assortment

Q.35 A female can be hemophiliac, if her parents have following genotype:

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| A) X ^H X ^H | X ^H Y | C) X ^H X ^h | X ^H Y |
| B) X ^H X ^H | X ^h Y | D) X ^H X ^h | X ^H Y |

Q.36 Hemophilia Iva:

- A) X-linked dominant trait
- B) Y-linked dominant trait
- C) X-linked recessive trait
- D) Y-linked recessive trait

Q.37 Minor cuts or bruises may result in death of a person when he/she suffers from:

- A) Hypophosphatemia
- B) Protanopia
- C) Hemophilia
- D) Immunodeficiency

Q.38 The percentage of hemophiliacs suffering from type - B is:

- A) 10%
- B) 80%
- C) 20%
- D) 30%

Q.39 Just one recessive allele will display the trait of _____ in man:

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A) Hemophilia - A and C | C) Hemophilia - C and tritanopia |
| B) Hemophilia - B and C | D) Hemophilia - A and B |

Q.40 A hemophiliac man receives X chromosome indirectly from his:

- A) Father's father
- B) Mother's father
- C) Grandfather's father
- D) Grandmother's father

Q.41 Queen Victoria's hemophiliac son was prince:

- A) Prince Nicholas
- B) Leopold
- C) Rupert
- D) Charles

Q.42 Mode of inheritance of human traits can be traced through:

- A) Experimental mating
- B) Pedigree
- C) Inbreeding
- D) Out breeding

Q.43 Testicular feminization is an example of:

- A) X-linked dominant trait
- B) Y-linked dominant trait
- C) Autosomal inheritance
- D) X-linked recessive trait

Q.44 Strength of gene linkage is inversely proportion to the following, EXCEPT:

- A) Distance between gene loci
- B) Probability of crossing over
- C) Probability of independent assortment
- D) Probability of retaining parental traits

Q.45 Morgan and his colleagues studied more than _____ traits in *Drosophila*:

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A) 85 | C) 90 |
| B) 60 | D) 8 |

Q.46 Pick up the most common type of haemophilia:

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Q.47 Which one of the following also called royal disease?

- A) Diabetes
- B) Hypophosphatemia
- C) Colour blindness
- D) Haemophilia

- Q.48** _____ traits inherit as zigzag from maternal grandfather through a carrier daughter to a grandson:
 A) X-linked C) Autosomal
 B) Y-linked D) Sex influenced

Q.49 Linkage group of X-chromosome is:
 A) Color blindness, leukemia and albinism
 B) Haemophilia, sickle cell anemia and albinism
 C) Gout, albinism and leukemia
 D) Color blindness, haemophilia and gout

Q.50 _____ reduces the chances of _____ respectively:
 A) Crossing over, Recombination C) Crossing over, Recombination
 B) Linkage, Meiosis D) Crossing over, Gene linkage

Test # 34

MCQ RESPONSE FORM

1	A B C D	36	A B C D	71	A B C D	106	A B C D
2	A B C D	37	A B C D	72	A B C D	107	A B C D
3	A B C D	38	A B C D	73	A B C D	108	A B C D
4	A B C D	39	A B C D	74	A B C D	109	A B C D
5	A B C D	40	A B C D	75	A B C D	110	A B C D
6	A B C D	41	A B C D	76	A B C D	111	A B C D
7	A B C D	42	A B C D	77	A B C D	112	A B C D
8	A B C D	43	A B C D	78	A B C D	113	A B C D
9	A B C D	44	A B C D	79	A B C D	114	A B C D
10	A B C D	45	A B C D	80	A B C D	115	A B C D
11	A B C D	46	A B C D	81	A B C D	116	A B C D
12	A B C D	47	A B C D	82	A B C D	117	A B C D
13	A B C D	48	A B C D	83	A B C D	118	A B C D
14	A B C D	49	A B C D	84	A B C D	119	A B C D
15	A B C D	50	A B C D	85	A B C D	120	A B C D
16	A B C D	51	A B C D	86	A B C D	121	A B C D
17	A B C D	52	A B C D	87	A B C D	122	A B C D
18	A B C D	53	A B C D	88	A B C D	123	A B C D
19	A B C D	54	A B C D	89	A B C D	124	A B C D
20	A B C D	55	A B C D	90	A B C D	125	A B C D
21	A B C D	56	A B C D	91	A B C D	126	A B C D
22	A B C D	57	A B C D	92	A B C D	127	A B C D
23	A B C D	58	A B C D	93	A B C D	128	A B C D
24	A B C D	59	A B C D	94	A B C D	129	A B C D
25	A B C D	60	A B C D	95	A B C D	130	A B C D
26	A B C D	61	A B C D	96	A B C D	131	A B C D
27	A B C D	62	A B C D	97	A B C D	132	A B C D
28	A B C D	63	A B C D	98	A B C D	133	A B C D
29	A B C D	64	A B C D	99	A B C D	134	A B C D
30	A B C D	65	A B C D	100	A B C D	135	A B C D
31	A B C D	66	A B C D	101	A B C D		
32	A B C D	67	A B C D	102	A B C D		
33	A B C D	68	A B C D	103	A B C D		
34	A B C D	69	A B C D	104	A B C D		
35	A B C D	70	A B C D	105	A B C D		